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# An explanatory Study of Sentiment Analysis and Sentiment Classification Approaches Amit Rakshit

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#### ABSTRACT

Recently, sentiment analysis (SA) is one of the common methods in decision making field. The SA is a procedure of automated classification/extraction sentiment from the client opinion/reviews by computation, Natural Language Processing (NLP), and text mining methods. It aims to localize the opinion, recognize the sentiment and categorize the separation of this sentiments. It is beneficial in several methods like individuals, business, marketing and governments. In this study, a broad analysis of several SA methods is made with their datasets, advantages, objectives, efficiency outcomes and underlying methods. A comprehensive relation is created for analyzing the distinct features of several methods based on language, scope, polarity, task, domain oriented and dataset. The application of SA in various fields are deliberated. This study provides the entire depiction of SA methods.

Keywords: Social media, Emotions, Sentiment analysis, Sentiment classification, Opinion Mining

### I. INTRODUCTION

The SA/opinion Mining (OM) is the procedure of automated classification/extraction of sentiments client's opinion/review from the using computation, NLP and text mining methods. The 2 terms are similar and refers to similar implication. On the other hand, few scientists illustrate that these 2 words are differ from one another. The OM investigates and extracts the view regarding an entity when SA seeks the opinion, detect the sentiment stated and lastly categorizes the polarity. It detects beneficial in several domains like online shopping, government, marketing, business, and so on. Recently, the end user demonstrates their sentiment by review/comment using internet. These analyses are utilized and examined via main businesses for making decisions. Mostly, online shopping sites (for example Amazon, Flipkart) inspire the user to offer opinion as sentiment on various features of the obtained product. Hundreds to thousands of clients depend on online analysis and ninety percentage of user decides for purchasing the product on the basis of analysis in April 2013. The retailer utilizes this review for enhancing the product quality and recognize the client fulfillment. Other customers utilize this review for making decision to buy the product/not.

The dataset utilized in SA performs a major part. There are several methods for collecting SA information. The significant information is gathered from the product analyses. It is useful to the retailer as they could alter the quality of product on the basis of SA outcomes. The main reviews source is the reviews website. It is utilized to the product, it is beneficial for discusses of political parties, stock exchange, and news. From political discusses, the people opinions on election

candidates are defined. The blog and Social media are the better source of data because of data distribution. Few estimated datasets are presented for performing research. Recently, several enhancement and application on SA techniques are presented. This study gives an entire depiction of SA application and methods. In this study, classification of several SA methods is made. Several studies are performed and articles are preserves on raising gradually. The 2 elaborate studies are proposed that is concentrates on the applications and problems in SA. The methods for overcoming the problems are deliberated. Few studies are proposed and made in this survey. This study is distinct from present research in the succeeding manners. At first, the classification of several current SA methods is offered. It is beneficial to the researcher for selecting essential method to particular application. Then, numerous methods of SA are categorized with the details of every methods. It offers an entire opinion of SA domain. Next, the association of every studied methods are created on the basis of various measures. Lastly, applications and problems in the SA fields are deliberated.

### II. SENTIMENT CLASSIFICATION TECHNIQUES

SA is assumed as a Sentiment Classification (SC) procedure and deliberated in this segment. The SC methods are mainly separated to three kinds: The lexicon, hybrid and ML approaches. The ML technique utilizes linguistic characteristics. The lexicon dependent approach is depending upon sentimental lexicon, a collection of identified sentimental words. It is categorized to corpus and

dictionary dependent approaches. The semantic polarity is defined by semantic/statistical approaches. The hybrid method integrates lexicon and ML methods. The classification hierarchy of SA methods. The ML methods are categorized to unsupervised and supervised methods. The supervised technique utilizes several label trained documents. The unsupervised approaches are utilized in conditions if it is difficult for identifying this label trained documents. Then, Lexicon dependent method is depending upon recognizing the review lexicon is utilized for investigating the. It is separated in 2 manners: corpus and dictionary dependent methods. The dictionary-based method is depending upon finding review seed word and detect dictionary of opposites and meanings. The corpus-based technique initiates list of sentimental words and search for another sentimental words with context certain orientation. Lastly, the corpusbased technique is separated to semantic/statistical methods.

Several NLP methods are integrated with lexicon based approaches for identifying syntactical arrangement and find semantic relationship [1]. The NLP methods are utilized in the preprocessing level preceding projected lexicon dependent SA technique [2]. It includes automatic focus detection and sentimental analyses modules that can evaluate the user's opinion of news. [3] utilized NLP in various factors. It utilizes NLP technique to detect time and tense expressions as ranking and mining approaches. It involves 2 variables that obtain time expression and detect linguistic clues from crawled information by NLP approaches. It utilizes product from Amazon and their outcome review demonstrates that the variables are more beneficial [4].

Several approaches are not categorized as ML/lexicon based approaches, for example Formal Concept Analysis (FCA). It is utilized to arrange, analyze and visualize the information by Galois association [5]. The information includes set of entities and features are named formal concept. The Fuzzy Formal Concept Analysis (FFCA) is presented to unclear and uncertain data. The FFCA and FCA are utilized in SA properties [6, 7]. A classification architecture is proposed by FFCA for presenting document to various models. [8] utilize FCA for constructing an ontology module. Ontology dependent methods are introduced for an efficient SA of twitters post by separating every tweet to a set of factors. Smart phones are utilized and the presented architecture gives a thorough study of posts opinion depending upon certain topics. pSenti is a model level SA [9] that is combined with OM and learning based approaches. It attains an improved classification accurateness in polarity classifiers related to regular lexicon based methods. It is depending upon two practical datasets and it executes well compared to Sentistrength.

SentiNet2 is presented in [10], free source semantic and efficient resource to OM and SA for compensating the gap among word level natural language information and model level sentiment. It is established using Semantic Web and AI. It exposes that the scheme is simply combined to a practical application for effectively integrate and relate unstructured and structured information's. The Concept level SA is employed for e-health to person review analyses [11] and crowd authentication.

## III. CONCLUSION

SA is а procedure of automated classification/extraction sentiment from the client opinion/reviews by computation, Natural Language Processing (NLP), and text mining methods. It aims to localize the opinion, recognize the sentiment and categorize the separation of this sentiments. It is beneficial in several methods like individuals, business, marketing and governments. In this study, a broad analysis of several SA methods is made with their datasets, advantages, objectives, efficiency outcomes and underlying methods. A comprehensive relation is created for analyzing the distinct features of several methods based on language, scope, polarity, task, domain oriented and dataset. The application of SA in various fields are deliberated. This study provides the entire depiction of SA methods.

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