RESEARCH ARTICLE

Multi Medical Data Classification with Feature Reduction Technique

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ABSTRACT

One of the challenging tasks in the field of medical informatics is medical data classification. From medical datasets and intends to upgrade the design of human services with the medical data classification entails to taking in classification designs. The medical data classification is the major aim of our research. The medical data features are selected with the help of the hybrid feature selection method. The high dimensional features are reduced by Discriminant Independent Component Analysis (DICA). The dataset details are collected from the UCI machine learning repository.

Keywords: - medical informatics, data classification, hybrid feature selection, DICA, UCI machine learning repository.

I. INTRODUCTION

In disease diagnosis, the medical data classification can effectively assist physicians and that treat many diseases with proper prediction. The medical data classification performance is improved with the many efforts that have been made. Practically, the class imbalance issues are quite widespread [1-5]. The development of computing technologies with the medical field plays an important role. Leads to acquire the digital storage equipment and various medical activities such as prognosis, screening and diagnosis are the great amount of knowledge [6,7]. Different kinds of medical data mining or medical data are developed for knowledge discovery [59-62]. Here, the improvement of medical data accuracy by potentially useful and novel information [8-10]. The diagnosis and prognosis purposes present in medical data classification. Moreover, the noise is included in medical data that exhibit unique features by missing values and systematic errors [11-15].

The highly dependent on physicians experience the diagnosis accuracy. The larger amounts of information are stored and it is relatively easy to acquire. The medical decision support systems computerize the deployment. The prediction is the goal of the classification task [16-20]. One of the challenging tasks in medical informatics is classification tasks. Apply the medical data classification with statistical techniques. The difficult task to know the properties of the dataset that is not possible. Each parameter defines the types of medical databases contains a larger collection of medical data [21,22,56].

Two conflicts criterion such as intensification of the optimal solution and the diversification of the search space are defined during the design of metaheuristics [23-26]. The search space algorithm performance is improved with the help of a proper balance between these criteria [58]. The local and global search algorithm fusion is the memetic algorithm [27,57]. To ensure the diversification employs the

global search approaches [28-30]. The optimal feature set is generated in these algorithms' different kinds of a searching algorithm. While compared to filter methods, the features generated with the help of wrapper methods [31,53,54,55]. To imbalances the diagnosis of medical classification samples that exist manor and major classes.

II. RELATED WORKS

The medical data classification based techniques were proposed in the past years. Few of these techniques are discussed in this section.

The feature ranking based method was proposed by Alam et al. [32] to classify the medical data. Few suitable ranking algorithms were used to dataset feature ranking and the high ranked features are predicted using Random Forest classifier. Ten-fold cross-validations with many other feature ranking algorithms are applied to evaluate the performance of feature ranking algorithm. Khanmohammadi et al. [33] proposed the model of Gaussian Mixture based Discretization (GMBD) algorithm for medical data classification, which preserve the most relevant features from the original dataset. The six various publicly available datasets are used to verify the efficiency of the GMBD algorithm. Gorzalczany et al. [34] proposed Multi-Objective Genetic Fuzzy Optimization (MOGFO) for fuzzy rule-based classification system (FRBCS) design from medical data. The different stage of accuracy interpretability characterizes the collection of medical FRBCS solutions. For medical data processing, they introduced a rule base representation of special coding-free and original genetic operators.

Bania et al. [35] proposed a selection method of parameterfree greedy ensemble attribute (R-Ensembler). The attributeattribute relevance measure, attribute significant and attribute class adopts the rough set theory concept. The various rough set produces multiple subset combination. which is combined by Ensembler method. During the attribute selection process time, the new n number of intersection method was proposed for the reduction of biasness and the dataset is preprocessed with kNN imputation. From the different subsets of the attribute pool, the Ensembler method highly effective is to select the high relevant features from the UCI medical dataset. The emperor penguin and social engineering optimization (memetic algorithm) were proposed by Baliarsingh et al. [36] for the classification of medical data. SVM is the faster classification method, but the selection of regularization and kernel parameters are the challenging issues of SVM. Hence, the author used a memetic algorithm for the tuning purpose of both regularization and kernel parameters (Memetic based SVM). The Memetic based SVM provided optimal medical data classification results than other fifteen existing algorithms but its computational complexity is high. Hybridized harmony search and Pareto optimization method were proposed by Dash [37] for the selection of high dimensional features from the medical data. In both feature subset prediction and sample classification, the hybridized method provided high potentiality results for high dimensional databases. For medical data classification, Fan et al. [38] proposed a Hybridized model of fuzzy decision tree and integrating case based clustering method. The authors collected both breast cancer Wisconsin and liver disorder datasets from the UCI machine learning repository. The dataset pre-processed by case based clustering method and fuzzy decision tree is applied for disease identification [39,40]. These methods provided the average forecasting accuracy of 94.4% for breast cancer and 81.6% for liver disorders when compared to existing methods.

III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY:

In this section, we design the proposed algorithm for medical data classification. For this work, we have chosen four disease datasets such as heart disease, liver disease, cancer disease and lung disease from UIC machine learning repository [41-45]. Initially, the medical dataset is preprocessed and the high dimensionality features are reduced using method. The proposed framework of medical data classification is explained in Fig 1 and the step by step process of proposed work is explained as follows:

3.2 Feature reduction using Discriminant Independent Component Analysis (DICA):

The Negentropy maximization obtains the independent features and lower dimensions with multivariate data in DICA (Discriminant Independent Component Analysis) method. Simultaneously maximize the sum of the marginal Nagentrophy of independent extracted features and Fisher criterion in DICA. In order to develop a better classification, the DICA combines the properties of Independent Component Analysis (ICA) [46,47].

4.3.1. Nagentropy maximization for independent feature extraction:

Thereafter feature selection, the high dimensional features of medical data are reduced by means of DICA method. For non-Gaussian random variables, Nagentrophy is the better statistical scale and the marginal Nagentropy approximation is given as below:

$$R(x_i) \approx k_1 (H(M^1(x_i)))^2 + k_2 (H(M^1(x_j)))^2 - H(M^2(\sigma)))^2$$
(1)

From the above equation, x_i is the standard deviation and the same mean with the univariate Gaussian distribution is σ . For random vector x_i , the below equation is used to prove the random vectors M^1 and M^2 . Where, $k_1 = 36/(8\sqrt{3}-9)$ and $k_2 = 16\sqrt{3}-27$). The Lagrange formula in equation (5) explains the unit covariance with maximization sum of the marginal Negentropy.

$$\hat{L}(N) = \sum_{i=1}^{R} \left[H(M(n_i^T z)) - H(M(\sigma)) \right]^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{R} \alpha_i (n_j^T n_j - 1)$$
(2)

From equation (5), the target function maximization is received by the features. The Lagrange formula in equation defines the independent extracted features Nagentropy and the functional criterion of classification performance is maximized by an optimization problem [48-52].

IV. RESULT

The proposed work performance for medical data classification is evaluated in this section. Moreover, MATLAB 2016a with an i5 processor and 4GB RAM was used to actualize the performance of proposed work.



Fig 1: Number of selected features with state-of-art results

Fig 1 explains the convergence performance of the proposed optimization algorithm. Hence, the convergence performance is one of the important methods to validate the performance of optimization algorithms. The convergence performances increase the accuracy level and performance. So, we use state-of-art convergence performance analysis.

V. CONCLUSION

The medical data details are collected from the UCI machine learning repository. The convergence performance of proposed DT-SWO provides better convergence performances than other algorithms such as PSO, SWO, MFO and DT. The feature reduction performances of DICA is higher than other methods such as FA and ICA.

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